



# University of Kentucky CAER-Duke Energy East Bend Algae Demonstration Project

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Lexington, KY

National Coal Council  
2015 Annual Fall Meeting  
November 4-5, 2015

# Project Timeline

- 2008 – UK Approached by Kentucky Department of Energy Development and Independence to investigate the techno-economic feasibility of algae based CO<sub>2</sub> mitigation
- 2011-2012: Initial Demonstration Work started at EKPC's Dale Station
- 2012-Present: Demonstration Project at Duke Energy's East Bend Station
- 2011-Present: Part of US-China Clean Energy Research Center (CERC)
- August, 2015: NETL Biological CO<sub>2</sub> Utilization Award



- Research Focus Areas

- Power Plant Integration
- PBR Design/Operation
- Dewatering
- Techno-economic modeling
- Utilization



- Utilization Focus Areas

- Bio-polymers
- Lipid Extraction
- Catalytic Upgrading
- HTL
- Pyrolysis
- Aquaculture
- Anaerobic Digestion



# Overall Concept: CO<sub>2</sub> Utilization

CO<sub>2</sub> as flue gas



Cultivation in low cost PBR



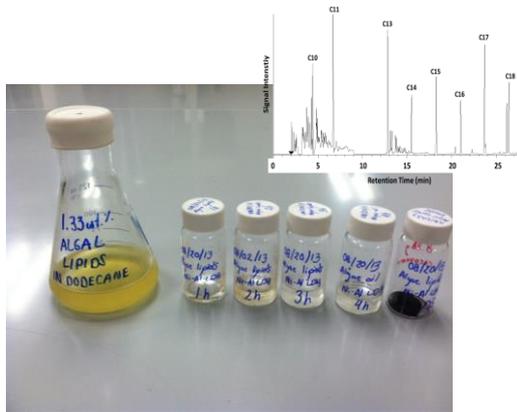
Flocculation/  
Sedimentation



Gravity Filtration



Fuel Like Hydrocarbons



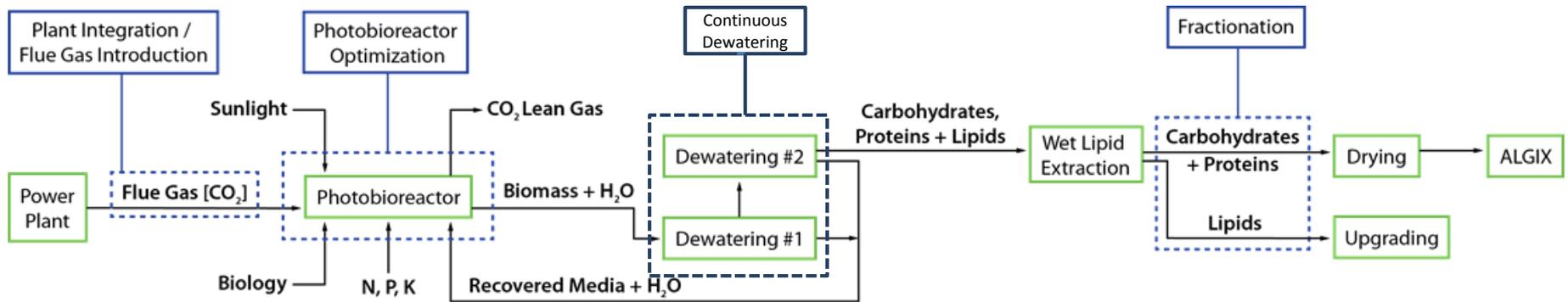
Catalytic Upgrading of Lipids



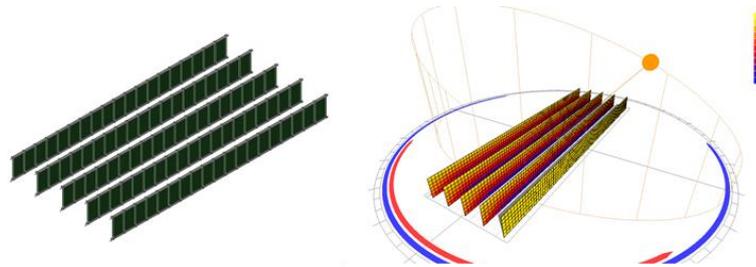
Bio-Plastics



# Current Research Focus



Flow Chart of Process With Research Focus Areas Highlighted in Blue



Solar modeling for optimum photobioreactor spacing

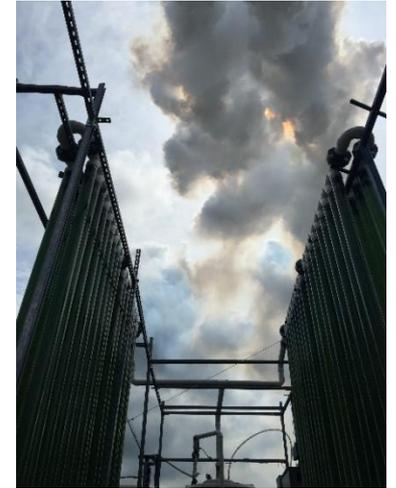
# Field Demonstration



- Pilot algae facility at Duke Energy's East Bend Station in 2012  
1<sup>st</sup> generation UK photobioreactor (top)
- Primary PBR Components  
3.5" d x 8' tall clear PET packaging tubes  
PVC pipe fittings
- Routine Areal productivity  
≥ 0.25 g/l/day (summer)  
≥ 0.10 g/l/day (winter)
- System Volume  
18,000 L/5,000 gallons
- New "cyclic flow" photobioreactor deployed in 2014 (bottom)  
lower cost  
higher productivity  
more robust operation



# Field Demonstration



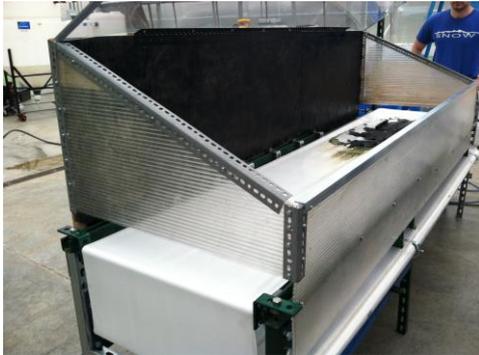
Cyclic operation to

- reduce energy costs
- control biofilm formation

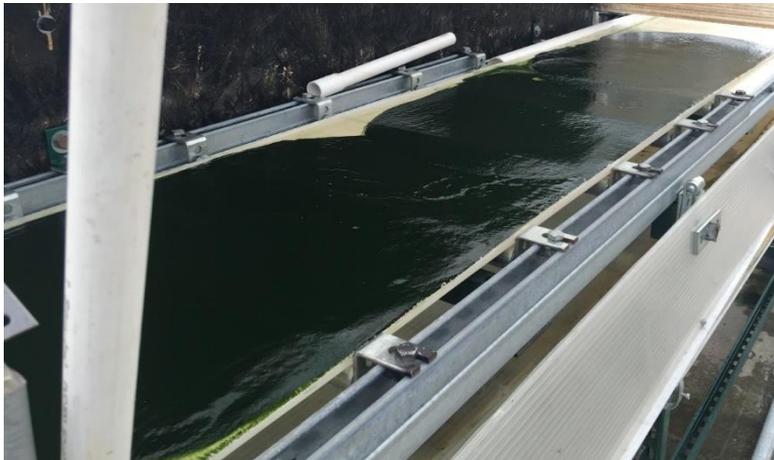




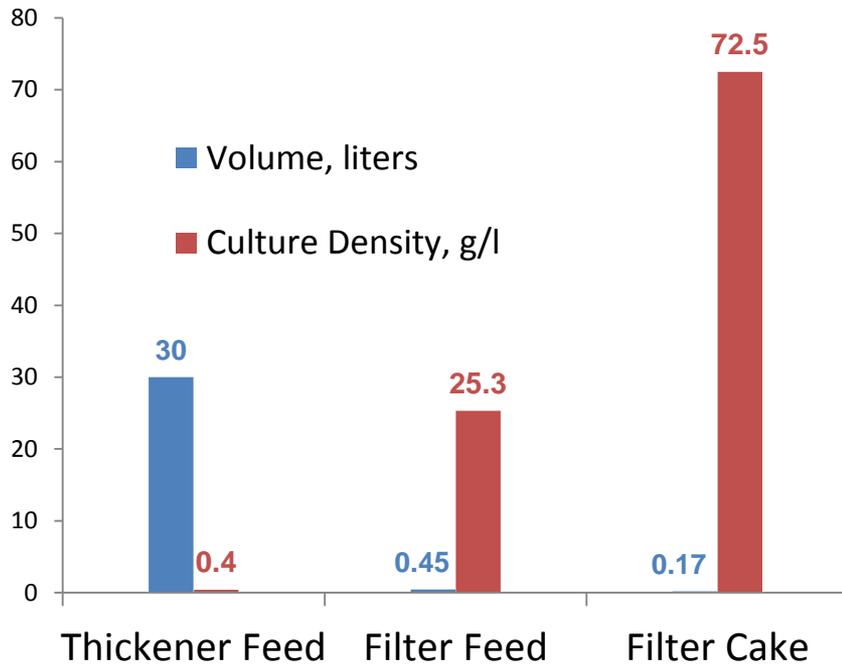
# Prototype Gravity Filter/Solar Dryer



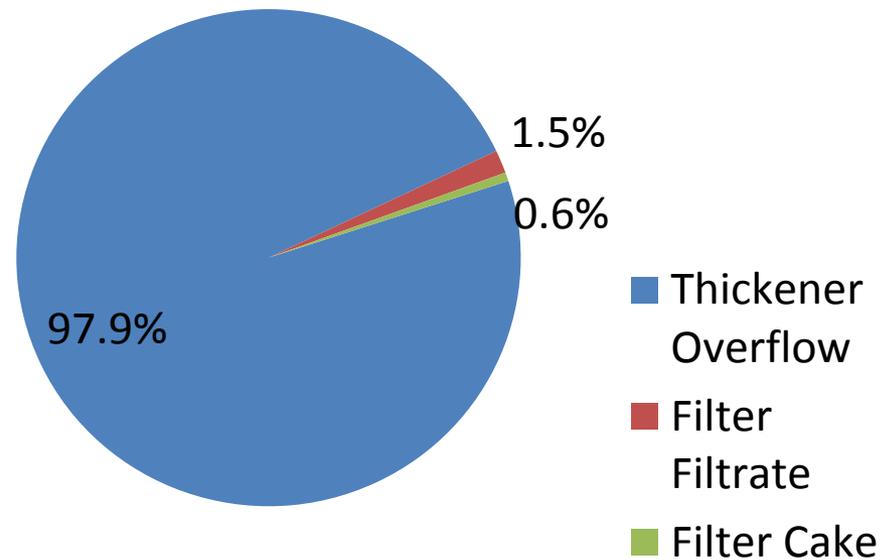
- Multifilament nylon media for rapid cake formation and high solids capture (>99%)
- Allows separation and recycling of all free water containing unused nutrients
- Short vacuum pulse after cake formation can improve throughput
- Can produce 10-25% solids for utilization
- Solar oven can reach 60°C in summer



## Harvest/Dewatering: Typical Results

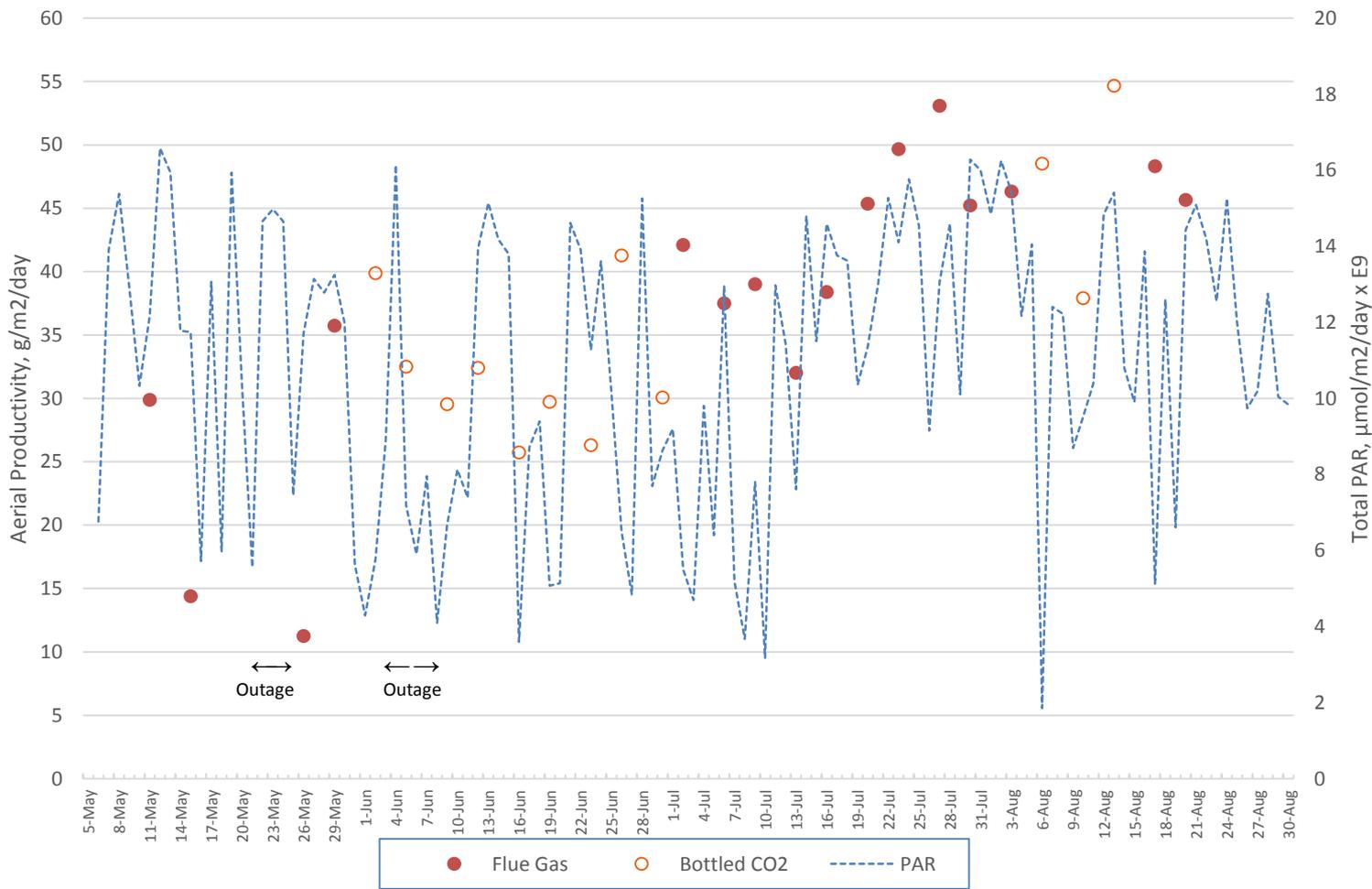


### Distribution of Water in Harvest Cycle



# System Productivity

East Bend TBO May 5 - Aug 30



# Mass Balance Determination

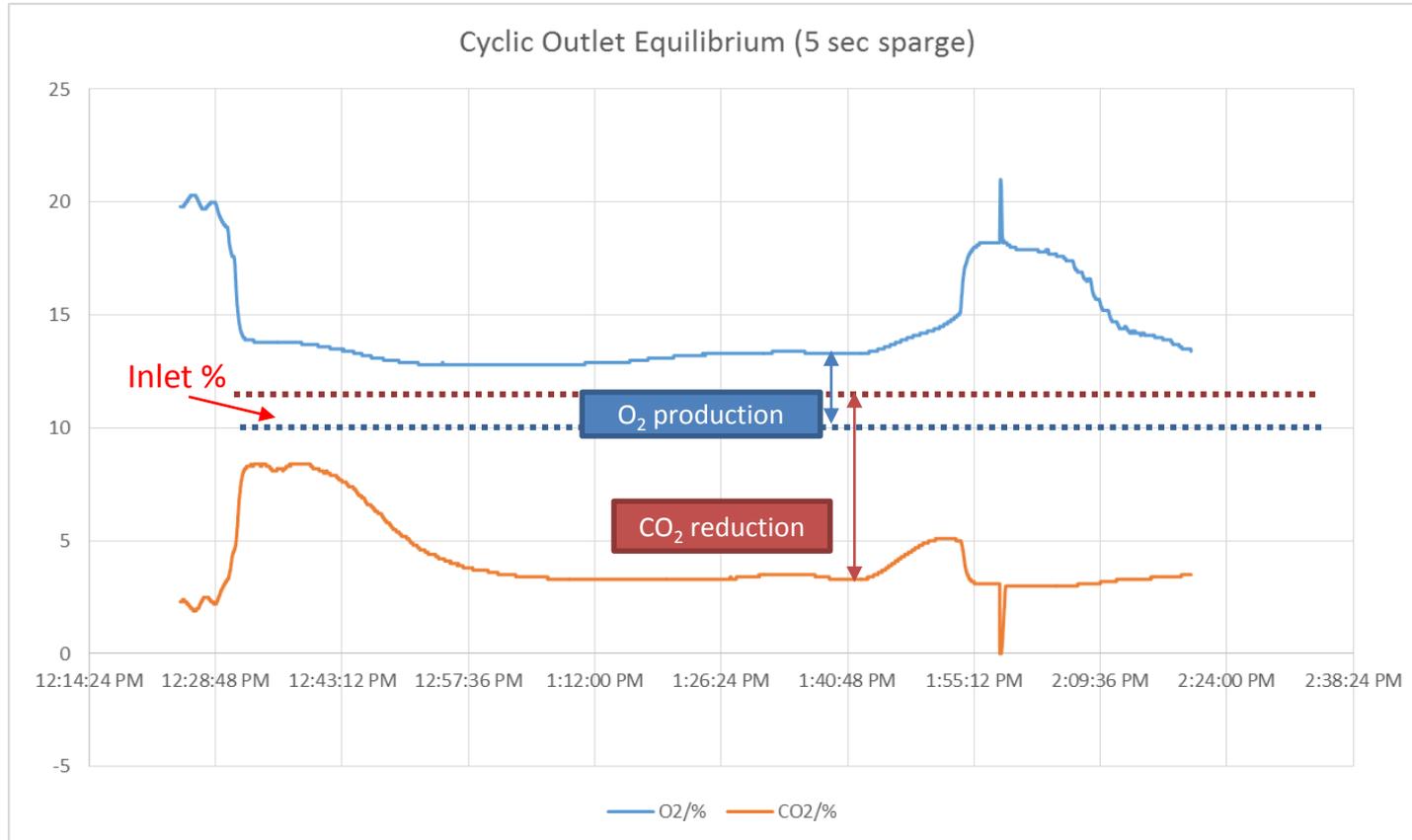


Reactor Measurements  
Temp, dissolved O<sub>2</sub>, pH

Flue Gas Measurements  
inlet and outlet streams  
MRU Flue Gas analyzers  
Temp, CO<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>2</sub>,  
NO<sub>x</sub>, SO<sub>x</sub>, CO, and CH<sub>4</sub>.

Data measured every 30  
seconds and stored  
automatically.

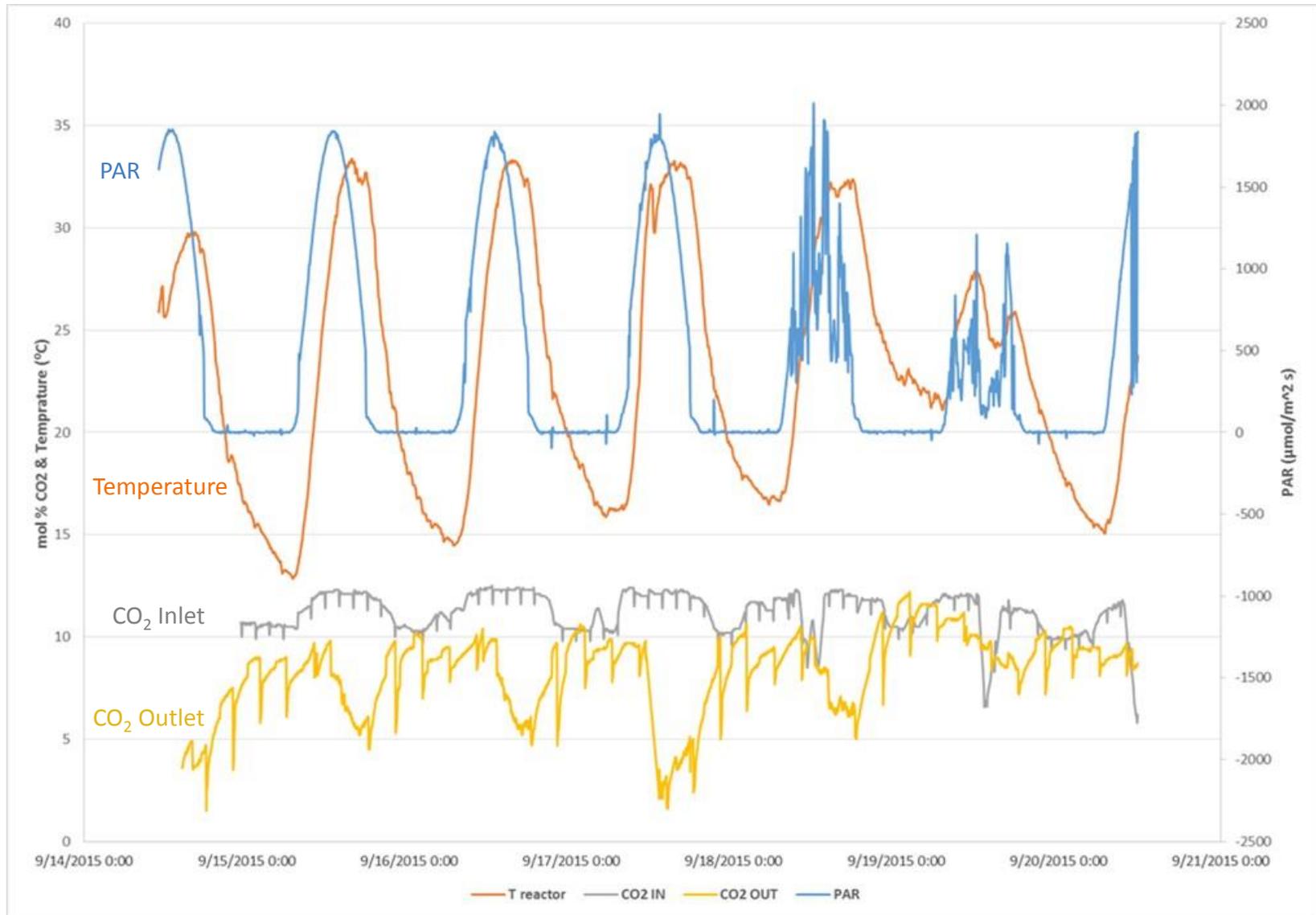
# Mass Balance Data



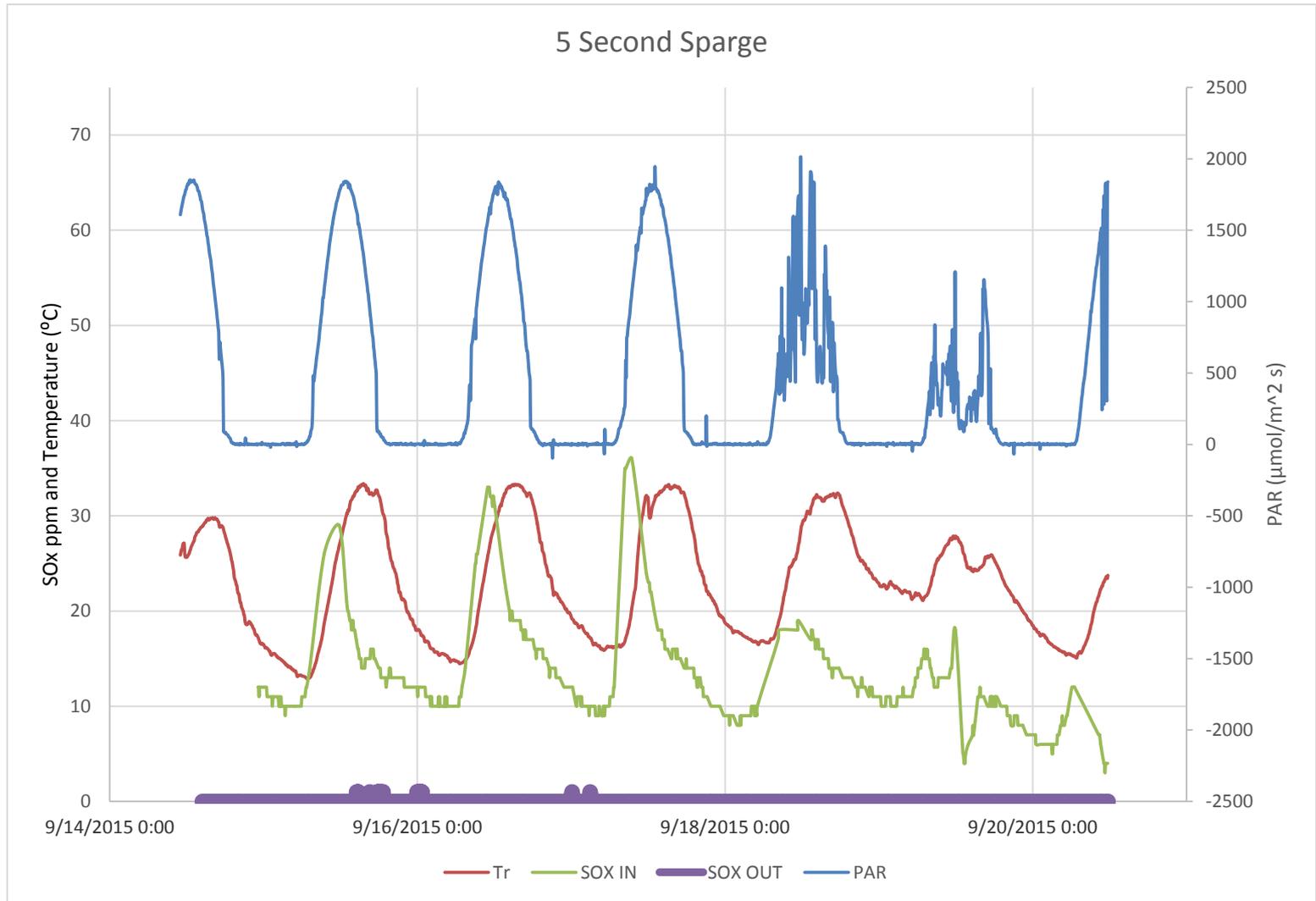
Indicates CO<sub>2</sub> conversion to O<sub>2</sub> via photosynthesis.

Highlights opportunity to optimize CO<sub>2</sub> conversion. Targeting 75%

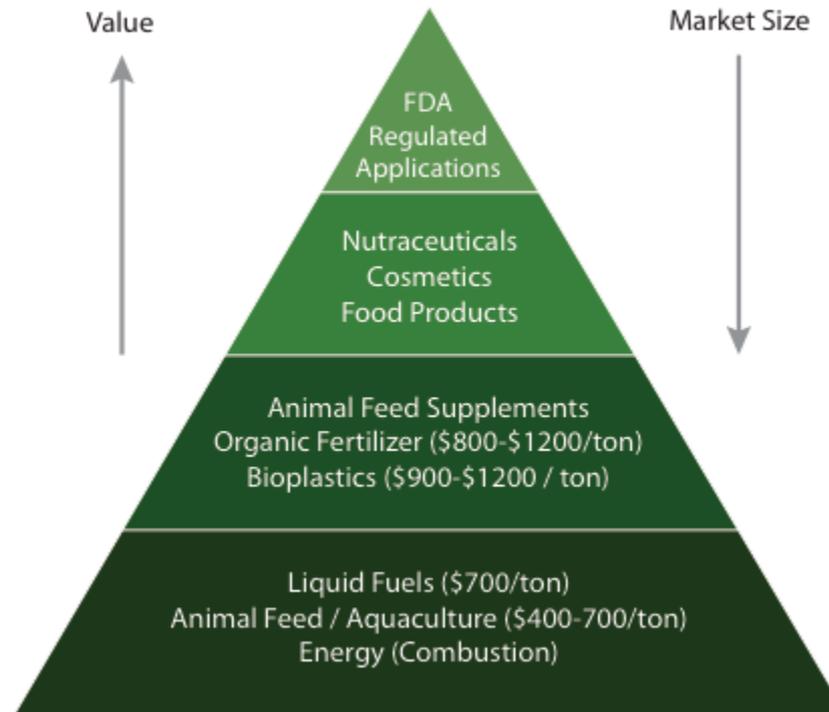
# Mass Balance Data: CO<sub>2</sub>



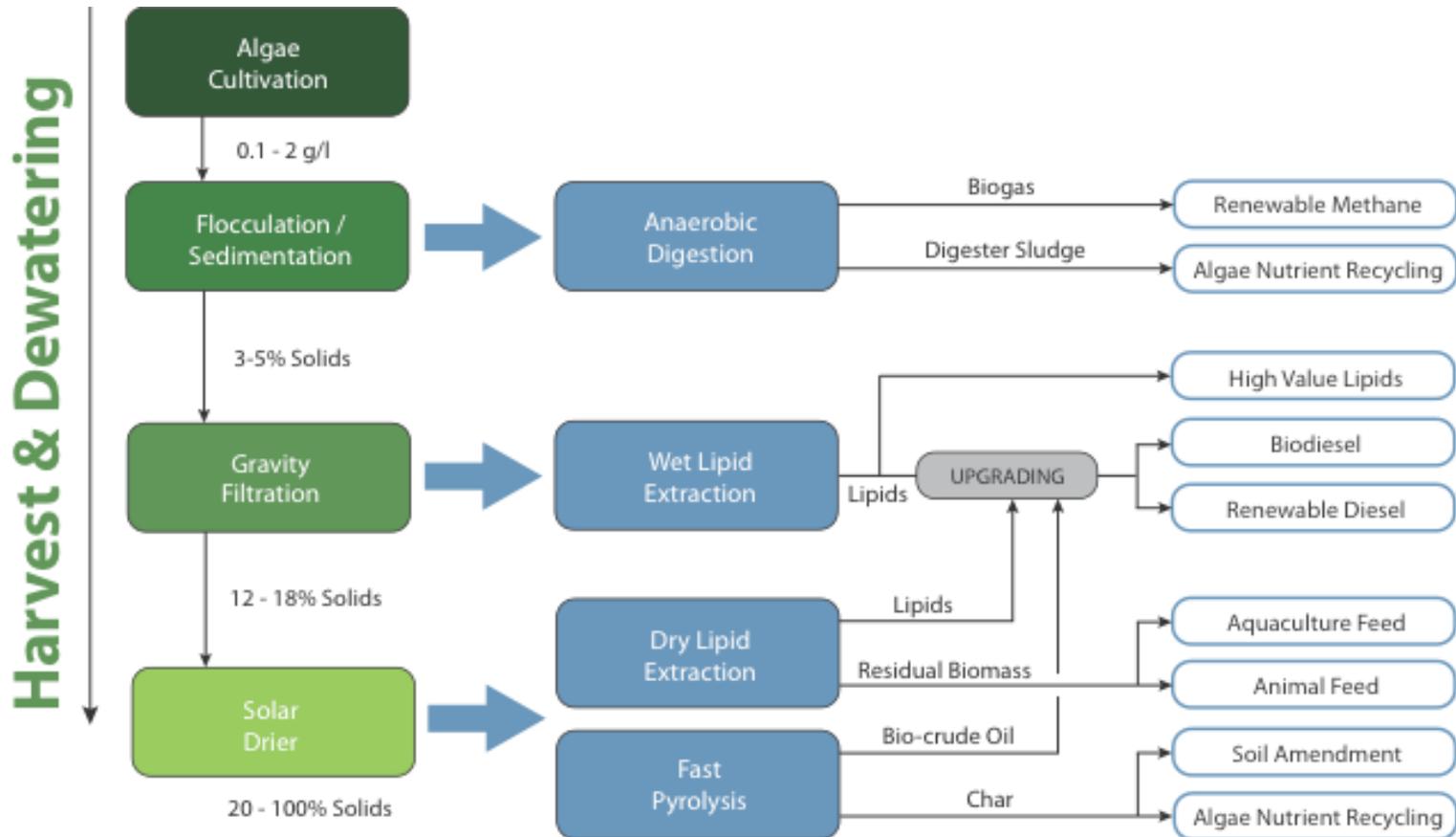
# Mass Balance Data: SO<sub>x</sub>



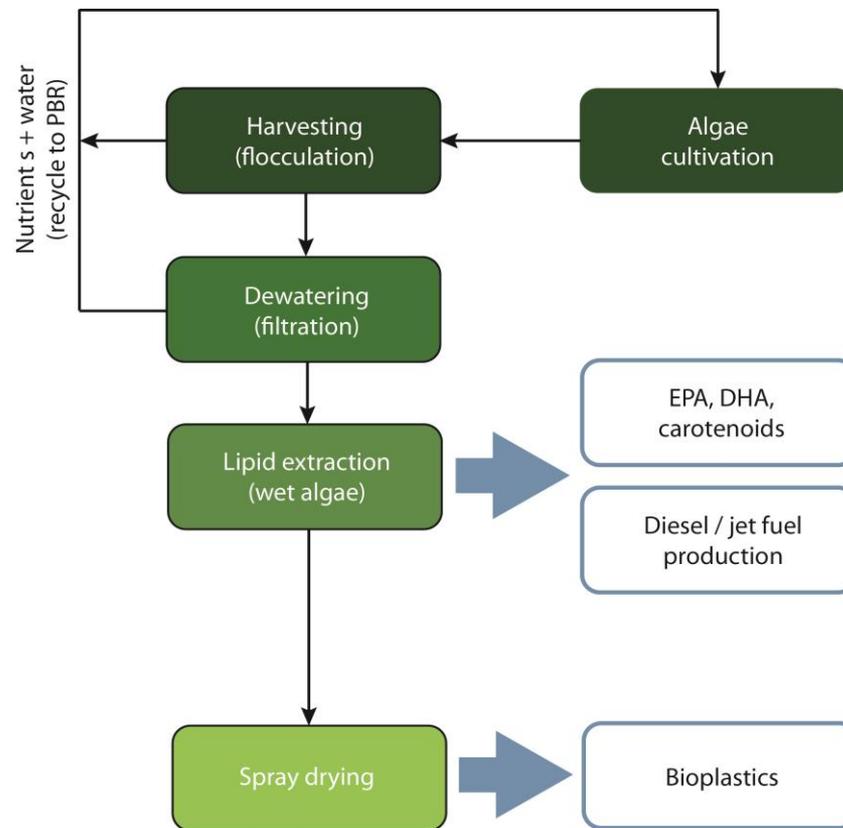
# Algal Biomass Utilization



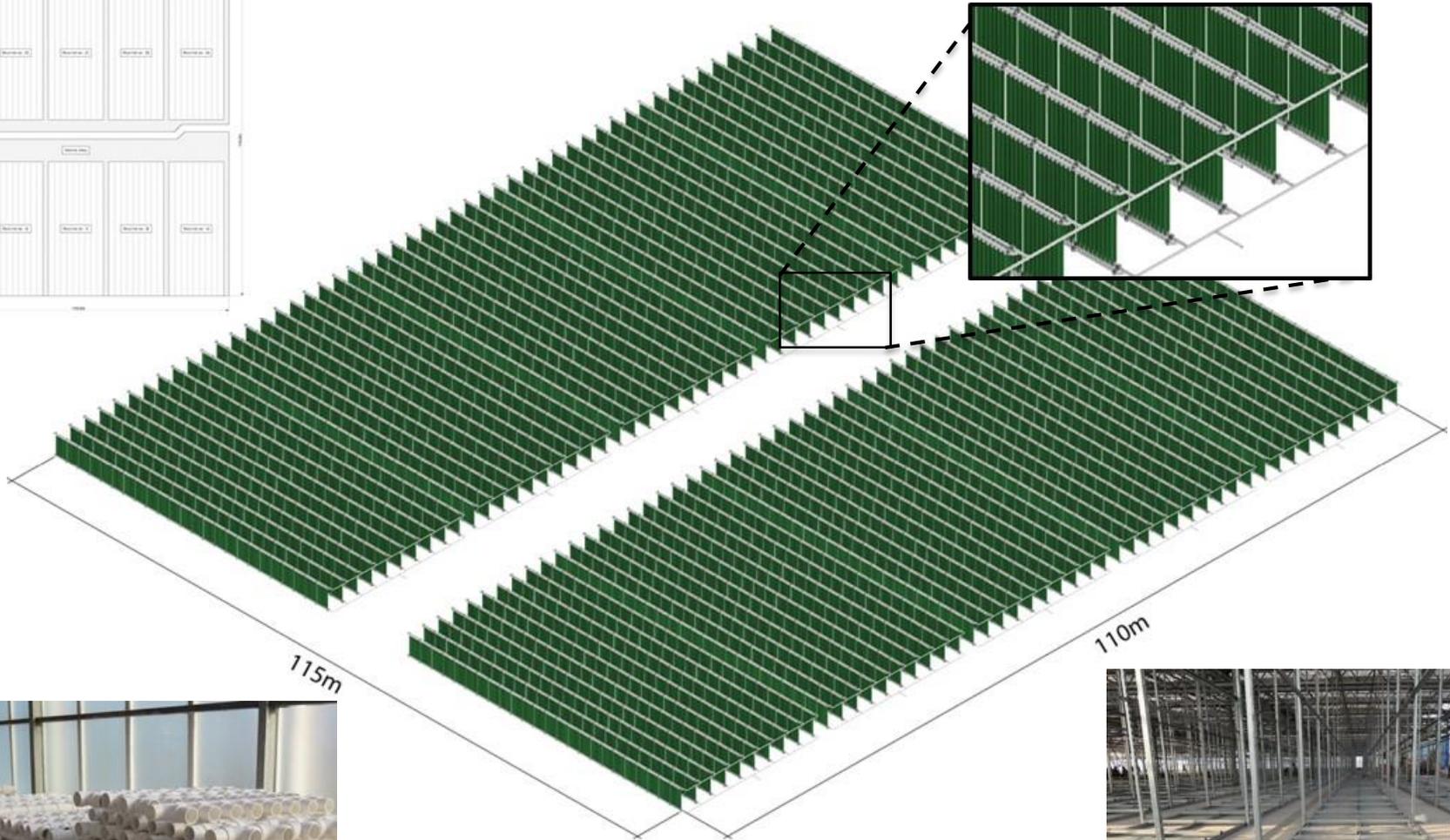
# Algal Biomass Utilization Pathways



# Current UK Concept for CO<sub>2</sub> Capture/Bio-product Production



# Proposed Layout of a 3 Acre Photobioreactor Zhengzhou, China



57,600 tubes  
265,000 gallons



# How Big?

		1 MW	500 MW
Emissions	tons CO <sub>2</sub> /MW	1	1
Emission rate	tons CO <sub>2</sub> /day	24	12,000
@40% CO <sub>2</sub> Capture			
	tons CO <sub>2</sub> /day	9.6	4,800
@1.78 tons CO <sub>2</sub> /ton algae			
	tons algae/day	5.4	2,697
@35 g/m <sup>2</sup> /day productivity			
	g algae/day	139,916	69.96x10 <sup>6</sup>
Land Required	acres	35	17,287

# Why Bother?

- CO<sub>2</sub> utilization can be revenue positive
  - Bioplastics
  - Biofuels
- While achieving 40% CO<sub>2</sub> capture is unreasonable
  - Marginal CO<sub>2</sub> reductions can be achieved profitably
    - Offset reduction requirements

# Ongoing Collaborations



## Culture Adaptation

Dr. Jennifer Stewart,  
University of Delaware

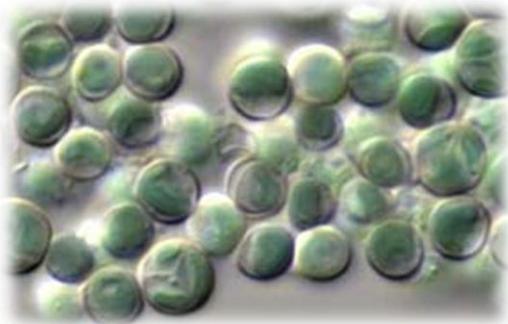


## Bioplastics



## Extremophiles

*Cyanidium merolae*  
Dr. Pete Lammers  
AZ State University



# Student Engagement

Student involvement is an important focus of the project, leveraging creative problem solving and enthusiasm to solve real world research problems while developing the scientists and engineers of tomorrow.

- **Student Employment / Experiential Learning**
  - Undergraduate Engineers, Scientists, and Architects contribute to day to day research activities
- **Senior Design Projects**
  - CAER researchers act as customer/advisor to provide real world projects for student teams in Mechanical, Electrical, and Chemical Engineering
  - Students get exposed to research and researchers at CAER get prototype equipment and/or models to aid research
- **College of Design Studios**
  - Architecture and/or Interior Design students work on developing forward thinking designs, large scale installations, next generation research facilities, and creative applications of current research
- **Graduate Students / Postdocs**



# Acknowledgments

KY Department of Energy Development  
and Independence

Duke Energy

Department of Energy: U.S.-China Clean Energy  
Research Center

The UK algae team:

Dr. Mark Crocker

Dr. Czarena Crofcheck

Thomas Grubbs

Stephanie Kesner

Daniel Mohler

Tonya Morgan

Robert Pace

Dr. Eduardo Santillan-Jimenez

Aubrey Shea

and..... ca. 30 students



# Future Work

- **Reduce Cost / Increase Productivity**
  - Optimized photobioreactor design and operation
  - Batch → continuous dewatering process
- **Conceptual Design of System Integrated with Power Plant**
  - Mass and Energy Balances
  - Power plant integration (heat, flue gas, etc.)
  - Life Cycle Assessment
  - Techno Economic Analysis
- **Biomass Utilization / Valorization**
  - Focus on fuels/chemicals and biopolymers
  - Investigate alternative / multi-product utilization pathways
  - Fate of NO<sub>x</sub>, SO<sub>x</sub>, heavy metals
- **Systems Biology**
  - Power plant outage mitigation system
  - Flue gas constituents on biomass composition
  - Abiotic Parameter Optimization